



State-Wise Analysis of Enrolment Decline in Indian Schools: UDISEPlus 2021-22 to 2024-25)

Gender Disparities and Challenges to Universal Secondary Education under NEP 2020

Introduction

India's National Education Policy (NEP) 2020 envisions achieving universal access to quality education at all levels, with a particular emphasis on secondary education (Grades 9-12) by 2030. This ambitious target aligns with Sustainable Development Goal 4, aiming for inclusive and equitable education that leaves no child behind. However, recent data from the Unified District Information System for Education Plus (UDISEPlus) reveals a troubling trend: a widespread decline in school enrolment across primary, upper primary, secondary, and higher secondary levels between 2021-22 and 2024-25. At the national level, elementary enrolment (grades 1-8) has dropped by over 10%, while secondary stages show even steeper declines, particularly among boys. This erosion threatens to undermine NEP 2020's foundational goals, exacerbating dropout rates, widening gender disparities, and hindering the transition to a *5-year-Foundational+3-year-Preparatory+3-year-Middle+4-year-Secondary* curricular structure that prioritizes foundational literacy and numeracy up to grade 8, followed by seamless progression to secondary education. It is noteworthy that UDISEPlus data before 2022-23 can be compared with subsequent years, even though data collection methodology is shifted from aggregate enrolment collection to individual student recordings, allowing for reliable trend analysis across these periods.

This article, aligned with the mission of *Education for All in India* to advocate for equitable education through data-driven insights, conducts a state-wise analysis of these declines. Drawing on UDISEPlus data compiled by Prof. Arun C. Mehta, we examine enrolment trends by gender and educational stage, highlighting states with increases amid the downturn. The analysis underscores the urgency of reversing these trends to safeguard India's demographic dividend and achieve universal secondary education by 2030.

UDISEPlus: Evolution and Current Landscape

The Unified District Information System for Education Plus (UDISEPlus) traces its roots to the District Information System for Education (DISE), launched in 1994-95 by the National Institute of Educational Planning and Administration (NIEPA) as India's pioneering effort in educational management information systems (EMIS). Spearheaded by Late Prof. Yash Aggarwal and Prof.

Arun C. Mehta, DISE revolutionized data collection by centralizing fragmented reporting from states, covering over 1.5 million schools by the early 2010s, and enabling evidence-based policymaking. Evolving into UDISE in 2012-13, it expanded to include standalone institutions like *madrasas* and integrated advanced features such as real-time updates and geo-tagging of schools. The 2018-19 rebranding to UDISEPlus marked a digital leap, aligning with the Digital India initiative and the National Digital Education Architecture (NDEAR) for seamless, Aadhaar-linked data integration.

- [Enrolment Declines at School Education Level: A Data-Based Analysis \(UDISE+ 2021-2025\)](#)
- [Enrolment Declines at School Education Level 2024-25 \[PDF\]](#)
- [State-wise Enrolment Change in 2024-25 over 2021-22 based on UDISEPlus Data by ArunCmehta: Decline in Enrolment, % Boys & Girls Enrolment, Share of State to Total Enrolment](#)
- [Why Enrolment is Declining in Some States Despite Universalization \(UDISEPlus 2024-25 Analysis\)](#)

This progression from manual surveys to a unified, technology-driven platform has enhanced transparency and coverage, but the 2018 transfer of UDISE from NIEPA to the Ministry of Education's Department of School Education and Literacy has rendered prior NIEPA publications obsolete, demanding a comprehensive revamp to reflect updated protocols. To address this, states should be incentivized to perform independent data analyses and release their own analytical reports, promoting tailored interventions and decentralizing educational insights for greater impact.

Review of Enrolment Trends: All-India Overview

At the national level, total enrolment from pre-primary to higher secondary fell from 265.24 million in 2021-22 to 246.93 million in 2024-25 - a decline of 6.90%. This masks sharper drops at higher stages: secondary enrolment decreased by 3.54%, and higher secondary by 3.27%. Elementary levels (grades 1-8) saw a 10.90% plunge, with primary (grades 1-5) hit hardest at 14.33%. Gender-wise, boys experienced more pronounced declines across most stages (e.g., -14.51% in primary vs. -14.13% for girls), potentially signaling vulnerabilities like child labor or migration pressures on male youth.

State-Wise Analysis: Declines, Gender Disparities, and Exceptions

State-level variations reveal a patchwork of progress and peril. Bihar recorded the most severe elementary decline (-25.50%), driven by a staggering -27.55% in primary enrolment, with boys dropping 28.02% compared to 27.04% for girls - exacerbating gender gaps in a state already grappling with low female literacy. Uttar Pradesh followed with -14.30% in elementary, where boys' primary enrolment fell 19.04% versus 20.75% for girls, indicating targeted vulnerabilities for female retention amid economic distress.

%age Change in Enrolment by Levels: 2024-25 over 2021-22

Level	2021-22			2024-25			% Change		
	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total
Pre-Primary	5,051,523	4,443,684	9,495,207	7,532,520	6,514,560	14,047,080	49.11	46.60	47.94
Primary (1-5)	63,517,655	58,324,595	121,842,250	54,299,931	50,081,416	104,381,347	-14.51	-14.13	-14.33
Upper Primary (6-8)	34,511,750	32,278,942	66,790,692	32,873,194	30,821,906	63,695,100	-4.75	-4.51	-4.63
Elementary (1-8)	98,029,405	90,603,537	188,632,942	87,173,125	80,903,322	168,076,447	-11.07	-10.71	-10.90
Secondary (9-10)	20,071,918	18,456,713	38,528,631	19,108,582	18,056,854	37,165,436	-4.80	-2.17	-3.54
Higher Secondary (11-12)	14,747,732	13,831,318	28,579,050	13,784,291	13,859,426	27,643,717	-6.53	0.20	-3.27
Primary to HS (1-12)	132,849,055	122,891,568	255,740,623	120,065,998	112,819,602	232,885,600	-9.62	-8.20	-8.94
Total (PP to HS)	137,900,578	127,335,252	265,235,830	127,598,518	119,334,162	246,932,680	-7.47	-6.28	-6.90

Source: UDISEPlus 2021-22 and 2024-25, compiled by Prof. Arun C. Mehta.

Notably, pre-primary enrolment surged by 47.94%, reflecting NEP 2020's push for early childhood care. However, this masks a "leakage" effect, where foundational gains fail to sustain progression to elementary and secondary stages.

Gender-specific declines were acute in secondary stages for boys in states like Madhya Pradesh (-2.39% total secondary, but -3.92% for boys) and Rajasthan (-10.71%, with boys at -0.37% vs. girls +4.34%, a rare female advantage). Higher secondary saw paradoxical gains for girls in Bihar (+8.63% vs. boys -3.68%), possibly due to scholarships, but overall totals declined 2.32%.

Amid the gloom, pockets of resilience emerged. Odisha bucked the trend with +0.96% in secondary (boys +0.62%, girls +1.32%) and +33.22% in higher secondary (boys +32.33%, girls +34.08%), attributed to state initiatives like the "*Mukhyamantri Jana Sikshana Paddhati*." Telangana showed +3.12% in secondary and +7.66% in higher secondary total, with girls gaining 8.74%. Dadra & Nagar & Daman & Diu posted increases across elementary (+2.08%) and secondary (+16.12%), while Gujarat's higher secondary dipped minimally (-1.87%).

The table below highlights select states with notable declines (Bihar, Uttar Pradesh, Madhya Pradesh) and increases (Odisha, Telangana, Gujarat) for elementary (1-8) and secondary (9-12) totals, emphasizing gender:

Change in Enrolment in Selected States in UDISEPlus 2024-25 over 2021-22

State/UT	Elementary %age Change			Secondary %age Change		
	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls
Declines						
Bihar	-25.50	-26.08	-24.90	-23.45	-26.01	-20.90
Uttar Pradesh	-14.30	-13.64	-15.02	-8.28	-11.21	-4.77
Madhya Pradesh	-11.03	-11.22	-10.83	-2.39	-3.92	-0.68
Gujarat	-8.47	-8.26	-8.70	-1.87	-2.01	-1.71
Increases						
Andhra Pradesh	+0.94	+0.35	+1.57	-4.37	-1.95	-3.21
Odisha	-3.83	-3.95	-3.71	+13.79	+13.50	+14.10
Telangana	+1.68	+0.87	+2.56	+3.65	+2.92	+3.34

Note: Secondary here aggregates 9-12 for brevity. Full data available at <https://educationforallinindia.com>.

These patterns suggest that while northern and central states face systemic retention challenges, eastern and southern outliers demonstrate that targeted interventions can reverse declines. Gender analysis reveals boys bearing the brunt in primary and secondary (e.g., -14.51% national primary for boys), possibly due to agricultural labor demands, while girls show resilience in higher secondary in states like Kerala (+2.04% total, girls +0.89%).

Enrolment Decline Slabs: State-Wise Categorization

To further dissect the crisis, the following table categorizes Indian states and UTs (excluding the national aggregate) based on the percentage decline in total enrolment. Slabs are defined by the magnitude of decline:

- Up to 5% decline: -0.01% to -5.00% (Mild decline).
- 5% to 10% decline: -5.01% to -10.00% (Moderate decline).
- 10% to 15% decline: -10.01% to -15.00% (Significant decline).
- 15% and above decline: <- 15.01% (Severe decline).

This slab breakdown underscores a systemic crisis: 75% of States/UTs (27 out of 36) face at least a 5% decline in elementary enrolment, with 22% (8 States/UTs) in the severe 10-15%+ range - led by Bihar's alarming -25.50%, which alone accounts for millions of lost foundational learners. For grades 1-12, the pattern is marginally better (65% in 5%+ decline slabs), but "leakage" persists, as elementary drops cascade into secondary stages, threatening NEP 2020's progression goals. Northern and Central states (e.g., Bihar, Uttar Pradesh at -14.30% elementary, Madhya Pradesh) dominate higher slabs, likely due to compounded post-COVID effects, rural migration, and weak retention infrastructure. Southern and UT outliers like Telangana (+1.68% elementary) and Dadra & Nagar & Daman & Diu (+2.08%) offer hope through targeted incentives, but they represent <10% of states.

States distributed by Percentage Decline Slabs: 2024-25

Decline Slab	States/UTs: Elementary (1-8) Enrolment % Change	States/UTs: Primary to Higher Secondary (1-12) Enrolment % Change
Up to 5% decline	Delhi (-2.83%), Goa (-3.16%), Jammu and Kashmir (-4.43%), Ladakh (-4.85%), Lakshadweep (-1.82%), Manipur (-4.72%), Odisha (-3.83%)	Delhi (-3.25%), Goa (-3.93%), Jammu and Kashmir (-5.29%), Ladakh (-5.98%), Maharashtra (-5.01%), Manipur (-6.41%)
5% to 10% decline	Andaman and Nicobar Islands (-8.62%), Andhra Pradesh (-6.54%), Chhattisgarh (-5.98%), Gujarat (-8.47%), Haryana (-7.41%), Himachal Pradesh (-8.67%), Karnataka (-5.22%), Kerala (-7.56%), Maharashtra (-5.55%), Meghalaya (-7.54%), Nagaland (-9.19%), Punjab (-6.78%), Tamil Nadu (-7.68%), Tripura (-6.00%), Uttarakhand (-7.51%), West Bengal (-7.62%)	Andaman and Nicobar Islands (-8.11%), Andhra Pradesh (-3.21%), Assam (-7.82%), Chhattisgarh (-7.71%), Gujarat (-7.18%), Haryana (-7.32%), Himachal Pradesh (-7.55%), Jharkhand (-7.36%), Kerala (-5.06%), Lakshadweep (-8.23%), Meghalaya (-7.97%), Nagaland (-7.45%), Puducherry (-8.44%), Punjab (-6.85%), Tamil Nadu (-6.07%), Tripura (-6.06%), West Bengal (-6.88%)
10% to 15% decline	Arunachal Pradesh (-13.27%), Assam (-10.83%), Chandigarh (-11.44%), Jharkhand (-10.47%), Madhya Pradesh (-11.03%), Puducherry (-10.05%), Rajasthan (-13.08%), Sikkim (-12.19%)	Arunachal Pradesh (-12.75%), Chandigarh (-9.83%), Madhya Pradesh (-10.36%), Mizoram (-14.10%), Rajasthan (-10.68%), Uttar Pradesh (-11.49%)
15% or above decline	Bihar (-25.50%), Mizoram (-15.69%)	Bihar (-23.18%), Sikkim (-16.78%)

Increases (positive % change):

- Elementary (1-8): Dadra & Nagar & Daman & Diu (+2.08%), Telangana (+1.68%).
- Primary to Higher Secondary (1-12): Dadra & Nagar & Daman & Diu (+3.80%), Odisha (+0.36%), Telangana (+1.61%).

Source: UDISEPlus 2021-22 and 2024-25, compiled by Prof. Arun C. Mehta. Percentages rounded to two decimals.

Irrespective of a state's size - whether the populous Uttar Pradesh (driving ~20% of national declines) or compact Lakshadweep - India cannot attain 100% Gross Enrolment Ratio (GER) in secondary education by 2030 without *all* States/UTs achieving universal retention. National GER is an aggregate weighted by population; laggards like Bihar (10%+ of India's children) skew the average downward, entrenching regional inequities and derailing SDG 4. A unified national push - via enhanced Student Data Management System (SDMS) integration, state-led analytics (as urged in UDISEPlus reforms), and cross-learning from Telangana digital tracking - must prioritize every jurisdiction to build an equitable foundation.

Concluding Observations

The enrolment decline from 2021-22 to 2024-25, averaging 10.90% in elementary education, poses an existential threat to NEP 2020's universal secondary education goal by 2030. Even after the introduction of the SDMS in 2022-23 under the Samagra Shiksha initiative - which provides real-time tracking and alerts to prevent dropouts - the persistence of declines into 2024-25 is a profound cause for concern. This indicates implementation shortfalls, where SDMS data may not translate into timely interventions due to overburdened local authorities or inadequate integration with community outreach.

Possible reasons for this ongoing slide include lingering post-COVID learning losses that discourage re-enrollment, economic hardships fueling child labor and migration (disproportionately affecting boys), infrastructural deficits in rural and tribal areas, and uneven SDMS adoption leading to unaddressed at-risk students. Without arresting this, India risks a "lost generation," with projections estimating 5-7 million fewer secondary completers annually, perpetuating cycles of poverty and inequality. Gender disparities amplify these: boys' steeper primary declines may stem from familial labor burdens, while girls' secondary gains in select states highlight the efficacy of schemes like *Beti Bachao Beti Padhao*.

Amid national downturns, states like Andhra Pradesh (+11.92% in higher secondary), Telangana (+3.65% in secondary 9-12), and Odisha (+13.79% in secondary 9-12) have demonstrated significant increases in key stages, particularly through bolstered pre-primary and higher secondary enrolment in government schools. Can we learn lessons from these exemplars? Absolutely: Andhra Pradesh's success stems from scholarship expansions like *Jagananna Vidya Deevena*, which eased financial barriers for higher secondary transitions; Telangana's gains reflect robust digital tools for attendance tracking and free transport under the "*Amma Vodi*" program; and Odisha's model, via the "*Mukhyamantri Jana Sikshana Paddhati*," emphasizes community-driven enrollment drives and inclusive infrastructure upgrades. Scaling such localized, incentive-based strategies nationwide could stem the tide.

To avert this, immediate actions are imperative: (1) Strengthen real-time UDISEPlus monitoring with state-specific dashboards; (2) Scale conditional cash transfers and mid-day meals to retain elementary students; (3) Invest in vocational bridges to secondary for at-risk boys; (4) Enhance teacher training and digital equity per NEP 2020; and (5) Foster public-private partnerships, as seen in Odisha's successes. Unless these steps check the decline, universal secondary education remains elusive - transforming data into action is now non-negotiable.

Suggested Readings

- National Education Policy 2020: https://www.education.gov.in/sites/upload_files/mhrd/files/NEP_Final_English_0.pdf
- UDISEPlus 2023-24 Report: <https://udiseplus.gov.in/udise-home/#/viewReport>
- Prof. Arun C. Mehta's Analysis on Enrolment Trends: <https://educationforallinindia.com/state-wise-gross-enrolment-ratio-ger-in-school-education/>
- UNESCO Report on SDG 4 Progress in India: <https://uis.unesco.org/sites/default/files/documents/fs-52-en-education-indicators-2023.pdf>

<https://educationforallinindia.com>

India/ State/ UT	%age Share of State Enrolment to Total Enrolment: UDISEPlus 2024-15					
	Elementary (1-8)			Primary to Higher Secondary (1-12)		
	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total
Andaman and Nicobar Islands	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.03
Andhra Pradesh	3.27	3.29	3.28	3.37	3.42	3.39
Arunachal Pradesh	0.12	0.13	0.13	0.12	0.13	0.12
Assam	2.83	3.07	2.94	2.66	2.97	2.81
Bihar	9.31	9.71	9.50	8.69	9.17	8.92
Chandigarh	0.09	0.08	0.08	0.10	0.09	0.10
Chhattisgarh	2.29	2.39	2.34	2.20	2.37	2.28
D & N & D & Diu	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06
Delhi	1.73	1.67	1.70	1.82	1.76	1.79
Goa	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.12	0.12	0.12
Gujarat	4.72	4.50	4.62	4.67	4.39	4.53
Haryana	2.33	2.14	2.24	2.41	2.19	2.31
Himachal Pradesh	0.49	0.48	0.49	0.53	0.52	0.53
Jammu and Kashmir	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.95	0.94	0.94
Jharkhand	3.09	3.15	3.12	3.01	3.11	3.06
Karnataka	4.86	4.91	4.88	4.88	5.01	4.94
Kerala	2.16	2.23	2.19	2.35	2.42	2.39
Ladakh	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
Lakshadweep	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Madhya Pradesh	6.14	6.12	6.13	5.96	5.92	5.94
Maharashtra	8.72	8.61	8.67	9.14	8.85	9.00
Manipur	0.26	0.26	0.26	0.25	0.26	0.25
Meghalaya	0.41	0.44	0.43	0.35	0.40	0.38
Mizoram	0.10	0.11	0.10	0.10	0.11	0.10
Nagaland	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.14	0.15	0.15
Odisha	3.17	3.23	3.20	3.21	3.28	3.24
Puducherry	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.09	0.09	0.09
Punjab	2.12	1.98	2.05	2.22	2.06	2.14
Rajasthan	6.59	6.40	6.50	6.74	6.43	6.59
Sikkim	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04
Tamil Nadu	4.52	4.57	4.55	4.85	4.97	4.91
Telangana	2.93	2.93	2.93	2.93	2.97	2.95
Tripura	0.27	0.28	0.28	0.27	0.28	0.28
Uttar Pradesh	18.46	18.00	18.24	18.11	17.42	17.78
Uttarakhand	0.93	0.89	0.91	0.97	0.93	0.95
West Bengal	6.67	6.96	6.81	6.63	7.11	6.86

Note: Compiled and calculated by Prof. Arun C Mehta, <https://educationforallinindia.com>

India/ State/ UT	%age Share of State Enrolment to Total Enrolment: UDISEPlus 2024-15					
	Secondary (9-10)			Higher Secondary (11-12)		
	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total
Andaman and	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.04	0.04
Andhra Pradesh	3.65	3.64	3.64	3.68	3.87	3.77
Arunachal	0.11	0.12	0.12	0.09	0.10	0.10
Assam	2.43	3.12	2.76	1.92	2.20	2.06
Bihar	6.99	7.95	7.45	7.15	7.62	7.38
Chandigarh	0.11	0.10	0.11	0.15	0.14	0.15
Chhattisgarh	2.10	2.36	2.23	1.80	2.28	2.04
D & N & D & D	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.05	0.06	0.05
Delhi	1.96	1.87	1.92	2.22	2.14	2.18
Goa	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.13	0.14	0.14
Gujarat	4.92	4.31	4.62	4.01	3.83	3.92
Haryana	2.57	2.24	2.41	2.71	2.44	2.58
Himachal	0.62	0.60	0.61	0.70	0.68	0.69
Jammu and	0.95	0.90	0.93	0.92	0.86	0.89
Jharkhand	2.88	3.16	3.02	2.66	2.83	2.74
Karnataka	5.55	5.55	5.55	4.12	4.92	4.52
Kerala	2.62	2.67	2.65	3.21	3.22	3.22
Ladakh	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
Lakshadweep	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Madhya Pradesh	5.83	5.71	5.77	4.97	5.02	4.99
Maharashtra	10.09	9.33	9.72	10.46	9.65	10.05
Manipur	0.23	0.24	0.23	0.23	0.23	0.23
Meghalaya	0.25	0.35	0.30	0.16	0.22	0.19
Mizoram	0.10	0.11	0.10	0.08	0.09	0.09
Nagaland	0.14	0.15	0.15	0.12	0.14	0.13
Odisha	3.35	3.42	3.39	3.25	3.41	3.33
Puducherry	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.12	0.13	0.13
Punjab	2.28	2.12	2.20	2.74	2.45	2.60
Rajasthan	6.86	6.39	6.63	7.49	6.66	7.07
Sikkim	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.04	0.05	0.05
Tamil Nadu	5.41	5.46	5.43	6.15	6.65	6.40
Telangana	3.09	3.12	3.10	2.76	2.99	2.88
Tripura	0.26	0.29	0.27	0.28	0.30	0.29
Uttar Pradesh	15.78	14.92	15.36	19.18	17.26	18.22
Uttarakhand	0.99	0.96	0.97	1.19	1.15	1.17
West Bengal	7.53	8.46	7.98	5.19	6.20	5.70

Note: Compiled and calculated by Prof. Arun C Mehta, <https://educationforallinindia.com>

%age Change in State Enrolment in UDISEPlus 2024-25 over 2021-22 by Levels & Gender, ALL Managements

India/State	Elementary (1-8)			Secondary (9-10)			Higher Secondary (11-12)			Primary to Higher Secondary (1-12)		
	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total
India	-11.07	-10.71	-10.90	-4.80	-2.17	-3.54	-6.53	0.20	-3.27	-9.62	-8.20	-8.94
Andaman and	-8.71	-8.53	-8.62	-1.31	-5.85	-3.55	-15.25	-6.47	-10.85	-8.51	-7.69	-8.11
Andhra	-7.42	-5.58	-6.54	0.35	1.57	0.94	8.69	15.13	11.90	-4.37	-1.95	-3.21
Arunachal	-13.09	-13.45	-13.27	-5.35	-1.84	-3.57	-21.74	-20.80	-21.26	-12.90	-12.61	-12.75
Assam	-10.66	-11.01	-10.83	-0.45	4.51	2.21	0.03	8.35	4.32	-8.49	-7.18	-7.82
Bihar	-26.08	-24.90	-25.50	-26.01	-20.90	-23.45	-3.68	8.63	2.32	-24.41	-21.89	-23.18
Chandigarh	-12.45	-10.28	-11.44	-10.83	-4.90	-8.14	-8.39	-2.19	-5.53	-11.45	-7.96	-9.83
Chhattisgarh	-6.35	-5.61	-5.98	-1.96	-1.00	-1.47	-29.15	-20.22	-24.41	-8.48	-6.93	-7.71
D & N & D &	2.09	2.07	2.08	12.15	20.78	16.12	-5.64	3.96	-0.79	2.77	4.94	3.80
Delhi	-3.47	-2.12	-2.83	-2.92	-0.28	-1.69	-8.17	-5.50	-6.88	-4.06	-2.34	-3.25
Goa	-2.91	-3.44	-3.16	-2.98	-2.42	-2.71	-12.43	-5.20	-8.86	-4.30	-3.54	-3.93
Gujarat	-8.26	-8.70	-8.47	-2.01	-1.71	-1.87	-11.12	0.57	-5.75	-7.56	-6.74	-7.18
Haryana	-8.57	-6.01	-7.41	-6.76	-4.71	-5.84	-11.78	-4.95	-8.66	-8.70	-5.65	-7.32
Himachal	-8.70	-8.64	-8.67	3.56	4.92	4.20	-17.25	-11.49	-14.51	-8.12	-6.93	-7.55
Jammu and	-4.87	-3.95	-4.43	-0.90	0.92	-0.05	-19.33	-12.89	-16.33	-6.15	-4.34	-5.29
Jharkhand	-10.19	-10.76	-10.47	2.59	3.37	2.99	-0.19	3.97	1.92	-7.49	-7.23	-7.36
Karnataka	-5.58	-4.82	-5.22	4.84	4.44	4.64	-5.12	12.74	3.86	-3.81	-1.42	-2.65
Kerala	-7.97	-7.12	-7.56	-1.93	-0.56	-1.26	3.22	0.89	2.04	-5.33	-4.78	-5.06
Ladakh	-4.36	-5.34	-4.85	-1.04	2.61	0.86	-23.60	-17.34	-20.23	-6.23	-5.74	-5.98
Lakshadweep	-3.45	-0.08	-1.82	-7.81	0.90	-3.68	-41.76	-38.31	-40.04	-10.12	-6.22	-8.23
Madhya	-11.22	-10.83	-11.03	-3.92	-0.68	-2.39	-21.06	-11.01	-16.29	-11.23	-9.42	-10.36
Maharashtra	-6.54	-4.45	-5.55	-3.49	-3.12	-3.32	-6.97	-1.25	-4.31	-6.08	-3.81	-5.01
Manipur	-3.95	-5.52	-4.72	-4.68	-3.51	-4.10	-20.24	-17.41	-18.84	-6.10	-6.74	-6.41
Meghalaya	-6.88	-8.18	-7.54	-10.82	-2.58	-6.30	-19.03	-14.44	-16.44	-8.05	-7.90	-7.97
Mizoram	-15.82	-15.55	-15.69	-6.91	-4.04	-5.44	-16.68	-13.12	-14.81	-14.64	-13.55	-14.10
Nagaland	-8.29	-10.10	-9.19	-8.27	-7.91	-8.09	6.78	8.45	7.66	-6.97	-7.93	-7.45
Odisha	-3.95	-3.71	-3.83	0.62	1.32	0.96	32.33	34.08	33.22	-0.01	0.75	0.36
Puducherry	-10.30	-9.78	-10.05	-6.67	-6.11	-6.39	-4.40	-3.27	-3.82	-8.79	-8.07	-8.44
Punjab	-7.45	-5.99	-6.78	-7.99	-2.96	-5.71	-11.37	-5.00	-8.46	-8.12	-5.36	-6.85
Rajasthan	-13.64	-12.44	-13.08	-0.37	4.34	1.78	-14.42	-6.17	-10.71	-11.84	-9.35	-10.68
Sikkim	-12.85	-11.46	-12.19	-23.96	-26.49	-25.25	-24.21	-26.03	-25.21	-16.55	-17.02	-16.78
Tamil Nadu	-7.96	-7.37	-7.68	-3.40	-2.43	-2.93	-4.04	-0.75	-2.36	-6.62	-5.49	-6.07
Telangana	0.87	2.56	1.68	2.92	3.34	3.12	-5.36	3.54	-0.93	0.49	2.81	1.61
Tripura	-5.88	-6.12	-6.00	-10.02	-7.30	-8.65	-3.39	-2.45	-2.91	-6.26	-5.86	-6.06
Uttar Pradesh	-13.64	-15.02	-14.30	-11.21	-4.77	-8.28	0.89	10.84	5.38	-11.76	-11.18	-11.49
Uttarakhand	-7.68	-7.32	-7.51	-1.47	-0.38	-0.95	-5.13	-0.15	-2.74	-6.36	-5.21	-5.82
West Bengal	-7.77	-7.47	-7.62	7.96	6.45	7.18	-19.60	-23.26	-21.64	-6.55	-7.20	-6.88

India/ State/ UT	Elementary (1-8)			Percentage Enrolment by Gender– All Types of Management, 2024-25								
				Secondary (9-10)			Higher Secondary (11-12)			Primary to Higher Secondary (1-12)		
	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total
India	51.87	48.13	100.0	51.41	48.59	100.0	49.86	50.14	100.0	51.56	48.44	100.0
Andaman	51.18	48.82	100.0	51.78	48.22	100.0	47.44	52.56	100.0	50.67	49.33	100.0
Andhra	51.68	48.32	100.0	51.47	48.53	100.0	48.62	51.38	100.0	51.24	48.76	100.0
Arunachal	50.29	49.71	100.0	48.52	51.48	100.0	48.07	51.93	100.0	49.82	50.18	100.0
Assam	49.84	50.16	100.0	45.13	54.87	100.0	46.42	53.58	100.0	48.81	51.19	100.0
Bihar	50.81	49.19	100.0	48.19	51.81	100.0	48.27	51.73	100.0	50.21	49.79	100.0
Chandigarh	52.61	47.39	100.0	53.13	46.87	100.0	52.33	47.67	100.0	52.65	47.35	100.0
Chhattisgarh	50.85	49.15	100.0	48.57	51.43	100.0	43.95	56.05	100.0	49.76	50.24	100.0
D & N & D	52.66	47.34	100.0	52.18	47.82	100.0	47.10	52.90	100.0	51.98	48.02	100.0
Delhi	52.69	47.31	100.0	52.63	47.37	100.0	50.78	49.22	100.0	52.41	47.59	100.0
Goa	51.83	48.17	100.0	51.66	48.34	100.0	48.58	51.42	100.0	51.34	48.66	100.0
Gujarat	53.05	46.95	100.0	54.73	45.27	100.0	50.98	49.02	100.0	53.11	46.89	100.0
Haryana	53.99	46.01	100.0	54.81	45.19	100.0	52.46	47.54	100.0	53.92	46.08	100.0
Himachal	52.28	47.72	100.0	52.36	47.64	100.0	50.66	49.34	100.0	52.05	47.95	100.0
Jammu and	51.87	48.13	100.0	52.55	47.45	100.0	51.57	48.43	100.0	51.95	48.05	100.0
Jharkhand	51.38	48.62	100.0	49.10	50.90	100.0	48.33	51.67	100.0	50.70	49.30	100.0
Karnataka	51.61	48.39	100.0	51.39	48.61	100.0	45.43	54.57	100.0	50.90	49.10	100.0
Kerala	51.00	49.00	100.0	50.95	49.05	100.0	49.76	50.24	100.0	50.80	49.20	100.0
Ladakh	50.22	49.78	100.0	47.09	52.91	100.0	44.32	55.68	100.0	49.04	50.96	100.0
Lakshadweep	50.70	49.30	100.0	50.39	49.61	100.0	48.74	51.26	100.0	50.44	49.56	100.0
Madhya	51.95	48.05	100.0	51.94	48.06	100.0	49.59	50.41	100.0	51.71	48.29	100.0
Maharashtra	52.18	47.82	100.0	53.36	46.64	100.0	51.89	48.11	100.0	52.34	47.66	100.0
Manipur	51.32	48.68	100.0	49.86	50.14	100.0	49.63	50.37	100.0	50.92	49.08	100.0
Meghalaya	49.73	50.27	100.0	43.07	56.93	100.0	42.27	57.73	100.0	48.45	51.55	100.0
Mizoram	51.06	48.94	100.0	47.98	52.02	100.0	46.45	53.55	100.0	50.10	49.90	100.0
Nagaland	51.04	48.96	100.0	48.34	51.66	100.0	46.79	53.21	100.0	50.15	49.85	100.0
Odisha	51.44	48.56	100.0	50.88	49.12	100.0	48.66	51.34	100.0	51.01	48.99	100.0
Puducherry	51.56	48.44	100.0	50.89	49.11	100.0	48.55	51.45	100.0	50.95	49.05	100.0
Punjab	53.51	46.49	100.0	53.28	46.72	100.0	52.65	47.35	100.0	53.35	46.65	100.0
Rajasthan	52.62	47.38	100.0	53.20	46.80	100.0	52.78	47.22	100.0	52.74	47.26	100.0
Sikkim	51.63	48.37	100.0	49.79	50.21	100.0	45.26	54.74	100.0	50.42	49.58	100.0
Tamil Nadu	51.57	48.43	100.0	51.19	48.81	100.0	47.92	52.08	100.0	50.94	49.06	100.0
Telangana	51.81	48.19	100.0	51.13	48.87	100.0	47.91	52.09	100.0	51.24	48.76	100.0
Tripura	50.70	49.30	100.0	48.76	51.24	100.0	48.44	51.56	100.0	50.12	49.88	100.0
Uttar Pradesh	52.49	47.51	100.0	52.81	47.19	100.0	52.49	47.51	100.0	52.53	47.47	100.0
Uttarakhand	52.93	47.07	100.0	52.33	47.67	100.0	50.71	49.29	100.0	52.51	47.49	100.0
West Bengal	50.77	49.23	100.0	48.50	51.50	100.0	45.43	54.57	100.0	49.82	50.18	100.0

India/State/ UT	Elementary (1-8)			Total Enrolment – All Types of Managements, UDISEPlus 2024-25								
				Secondary (9-10)			Higher Secondary (11-12)			Primary to Higher Secondary (1-12)		
	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total
India	8717312	8090332	1680764	1910858	1805685	3716543	1378429	1385942	2764371	120065998	112819602	232885600
Andaman	204	194	399	589	549	113	485	538	102	311	303	615
Andhra	28468	26613	55082	69675	65708	13538	50713	53601	10431	4050779	3854488	79052
Arunachal	10860	10734	21594	212	225	438	128	138	266	14269	14374	28643
Assam	24671	24825	49496	46339	56351	10269	26429	30505	56935	3194831	3351135	65459
Bihar	81130	78537	1596673	1334940	1435008	27699	98535	1055921	20412	1043332	1034463	2077795
Chandigarh	745	671	14174	213	188	402	211	192	403	11706	10526	22233
Chhattisgarh	19977	19311	39288	40209	42571	82781	24756	31568	56325	2647407	2672526	53199
D & N & D	510	458	969	113	103	216	684	768	145	691	639	13311
Delhi	15078	13538	28617	37530	33774	71305	30645	29698	60343	2189647	1988579	41782
Goa	972	903	18754	235	220	455	185	196	381	13930	13201	27132
Gujarat	41167	36434	77602	94018	77753	17177	55207	53076	10828	5609004	4951795	1056079
Haryana	20292	17295	37588	49137	40514	89651	37386	33885	71271	2894523	2473578	53681
Himachal	42674	38948	81622	11808	10744	22552	961	936	18982	64099	59058	12315
Jammu and	83509	77476	16098	18094	16337	34431	12704	11933	24637	1143077	1057470	22005
Jharkhand	26937	25485	52422	55071	57088	11215	36640	39178	75818	3610831	3511223	71220
Karnataka	42330	39687	82018	1059656	1002153	20618	56798	68235	12503	5860731	5653275	1151400
Kerala	18799	18060	36860	50114	48237	98352	44255	44680	88936	2823662	2735234	55588
Ladakh	167	166	333	360	404	764	227	285	512	226	235	461
Lakshadweep	408	397	805	9	8	180	5	5	115	555	545	110
Madhya	53527	49512	1030401	1113576	1030466	21440	68459	69591	13805	7150906	6677659	1382856
Maharashtra	75991	69651	1456431	1927118	1684658	36117	1442127	1337055	27791	1096838	9986892	2095527
Manipur	22534	21378	43912	435	437	872	320	325	645	30090	29007	59098
Meghalaya	35605	35997	71602	474	626	11008	222	304	526	42573	45305	87879
Mizoram	897	860	17587	184	199	383	111	128	239	11934	11889	23824
Nagaland	12717	12200	24918	260	278	539	171	195	366	17042	16940	33982
Odisha	27655	26111	53767	64021	61813	12583	44747	47207	91955	3853261	3701382	75546
Puducherry	722	679	14019	195	188	383	168	178	347	10870	10465	21336
Punjab	18454	16032	34486	43599	38235	81835	37831	34017	71849	2659731	2325741	49854
Rajasthan	57473	51744	1092175	1310601	1153110	24637	1031878	92304	19549	8089806	7250581	1534038
Sikkim	341	320	661	861	868	173	603	729	133	488	479	968
Tamil Nadu	39395	36995	76391	1033694	98546	20191	84831	92194	17702	5821597	5606927	1142852
Telangana	25508	23730	49238	58964	56368	11533	38104	41425	79529	3521502	3350939	68724
Tripura	23446	22798	46244	492	517	10097	384	408	793	32211	32061	64273
Uttar Pradesh	1609118	1456619	3065737	3014522	2693442	57079	2643270	2392311	50355	2174897	1965194	4140091
Uttarakhand	81155	72161	15331	18953	17267	36220	16394	15935	32329	1165037	1053643	22186
West Bengal	58105	56338	1144438	1438352	1527041	29653	71544	85948	15749	7964313	8020394	1598470